**Female genital organs diseases.**

1. **Carcinoma of the cervix usually begins at the junction of the:**
2. ectocervix and endocervix
3. endocervix and endometrium
4. deep and superficial endocervical glands
5. vagina and cervix
6. cervix and paracervical tissue
7. **Prognostic factors in invasive breast carcinoma include all of the following, EXCEPT:**
8. tumor size
9. type of carcinoma (ductal, inflammatory, etc.)
10. location of primary tumor within breast
11. lymph node involvement by tumor
12. grade of tumor
13. **Which of the following neoplasms is derived from all three germ layers:**
14. carcinoma
15. teratoma
16. sarcoma
17. apudoma
18. gonadoblastoma
19. **All of the following are true of endometrial carcinoma, EXCEPT:**
20. most cases occur in postmenopausal women
21. it is caused by prolonged stimulation of the endometrium by progesterone
22. it is preceded by endometrial hyperplasia in most cases
23. it can metastasize via lymphatic and/or hematogenous routes
24. the most important prognostic factor is the stage of the tumor
25. **All of the following are true of cervical squamous cell carcinoma, EXCEPT:**
26. it is preceded by squamous cell dysplasia in most cases
27. It is caused by human papillomavirus (HPV)
28. early age at first intercourse is a risk factor
29. most cases occur in women over 65 years old
30. the Pap smear is an important screening test
31. **Which of the following is true regarding ovarian neoplasms:**
32. most are malignant
33. they are symptomatic if even still small (<1 cm)
34. they may interfere with fertility
35. they are very rare
36. most arise from germ cells
37. **Which of the following endometrial lesions is associated with the highest risk of developing of endometrial carcinoma:**
38. chronic endometritis
39. complex hyperplasia with atypia
40. complex hyperplasia without atypia
41. simple hyperplasia
42. squamous metaplasia
43. **What is a dermoid cyst:**
44. teratoma
45. disgerminoma
46. yolk sac tumor
47. mullerian tube tumor
48. myometrial tumor
49. **What does adenomyosis mean:**
50. endometrial tissue in the myometrium
51. endometrial tissue in the cervical mucosa
52. endometrial tissue in fallopian tubes
53. endocervical tissue in the myometrium
54. exocervical tissue in the myometrium